

Polynomials Practice Test

Math 9

Polynomials Practice Test

Name: _____

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Multiple Choice: Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. [10]

1. What is the opposite of the expression $a^3 - 2a^2 - 8 + 5a$? -a³ + 2a² + 8 - 5a
- a) $-a^3 + 2a^2 + 8 + 5a$ b) $a^3 + 2a^2 + 5a - 8$ **c) $-a^3 + 2a^2 - 5a + 8$** d) $-a^3 + 2a^2 - 8 - 5a$
2. What is the value of the constant in the expression $a^3 - 2a^2 - 8 + 5a$? ↪ term without a variable
- a) -8** b) 3 c) 5 d) 8
3. What is the coefficient of the term $-7b^3c^2$?
- a) -7** b) 2 c) 3 d) 7
4. What is the degree of the term $2u^3v$? add exponents to determine the degree
- a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 **d) 4**
5. What is the degree of the polynomial $3x^3 - 5x^2 + x$? look for term with highest degree
- a) 1 **b) 3** c) 5 d) 6
6. $2k^2 - 3k + 1$ is a
- a) term b) monomial c) binomial **d) trinomial**
7. Which expression is equivalent to $3x - 5 + 2x + 3$? 3x + 2x = 5x
-5 + 3 = -2
- a) $3x$ **b) $5x - 2$** c) $x - 2$ d) $5x + 2$
8. Which of the following terms is equivalent to $(6a^5)(3a^2)$? multiply coefficients
add exponents
- a) $9a^7$ b) $9a^{10}$ **c) $18a^7$** d) $18a^{10}$
9. Which expression is equivalent to $-2m(3m - 1)$? -6m² + 2m
- a) $-6m^2 + 2m$** b) $-6m^2 - 1$ c) $-6m^2 - 2m$ d) $6m^2 - 2m$
10. Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{4x^5 + 6x^3 - 3x}{-2x}$? 4x⁵
-2x 6x³
-2x -3x
-2x
- ~~a) $-2x^4 + 3x^2 - \frac{3}{2}$~~ **b) $-2x^4 - 3x^2 + \frac{3}{2}$** ~~c) $2x^5 - 3x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x$~~ ~~d) $-2x^4 + 6x^2 - 3x$~~

12. Simplify each expression. (Collect like terms.) [4]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & \underline{3x} - 1 - \underline{7x} + 2 \\ & = 3x - 7x - 1 + 2 \\ & = -4x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \underline{4x^2} - \underline{3xy} - \underline{y^2} + \underline{xy} + \underline{x^2} \\ & = 4x^2 + x^2 - 3xy + xy - y^2 \\ & = 5x^2 - 2xy - y^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & (7x - 4y + 1) + (2y - 5x - 6) \\ & = \underline{7x} - \underline{4y} + \underline{1} + \underline{2y} - \underline{5x} - \underline{6} \\ & = 2x - 2y - 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } & (7x - 4y + 1) - (2y - 5x - 6) \\ & = \underline{7x} - \underline{4y} + \underline{1} - \underline{2y} + \underline{5x} + \underline{6} \\ & = 12x - 6y + 7 \end{aligned}$$

13. Determine each product. [4]

$$\text{a) } (2a)(-4b) = -8ab$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & 4x^2(5x - 3) \\ & = 20x^3 - 12x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & -11(y^2 - 2y + 3) \\ & = -11y^2 + 22y - 33 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } & (6 + 2t^2 - t)(5t^3) \\ & = 30t^3 + 10t^5 - 5t^4 \end{aligned}$$

14. Determine each quotient. [4]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & \frac{10xy^2}{2y} = 5xy \\ & = \frac{\cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y}{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{y}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \frac{12mn^2 - 18m}{3m} \\ & = \frac{\cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot m \cdot n^2}{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{m}} - \frac{\cancel{6} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot m}{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{m}} \\ & = 4n^2 - 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & \frac{11b^2c + 5bc^2 + 4bc}{-bc} = \frac{11b^2c}{-bc} + \frac{5bc^2}{-bc} + \frac{4bc}{-bc} \\ & = -11b - 5c - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } & \frac{30x^3 - 24x + 5}{6} \\ & = \frac{30x^3}{6} - \frac{24x}{6} + \frac{5}{6} \\ & = 5x^3 - 4x + \frac{5}{6} \end{aligned}$$

15. Are $2a^2b$ and $3ab^2$ like terms? Why or why not? [2]

No, they are not like terms since "a" is squared in the first term but not the second term.

16. Determine the missing factor of $\square(7x - 5) = -14x^2 + 10x$. [1]

$$\boxed{-2x} \cdot 7x = -14x^2$$

check:

$$-2x \cdot (-5) = 10x \quad \checkmark$$

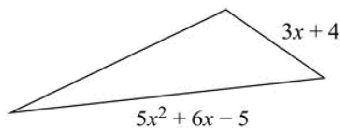
The missing factor is $-2x$.

17. Expand and simplify $2y^2(y + 7) - 3y(4y - y^3)$. [2] or $2y^3 + 14y^2 - (12y^2 - 3y^4)$

$$= 2y^3 + 14y^2 - 12y^2 + 3y^4$$

$$= 2y^3 + 2y^2 + 3y^4$$

18. The perimeter of the triangle shown is $P = 14x^2 - 8x + 11$. Using the sides shown, determine the length of the third side. [3]



$$\begin{aligned} & 14x^2 - 8x + 11 - (3x + 4) - (5x^2 + 6x - 5) \\ &= 14x^2 - 8x + 11 - 3x - 4 - 5x^2 - 6x + 5 \\ &= 9x^2 - 17x + 12 \end{aligned}$$

The third side is $9x^2 - 17x + 12$.

19. The area of a triangle is represented by the expression $6x^3 - 12x^2 + 3x$. What is the height of the triangle if its base is $3x$? [2]

$$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

$$2A = b \cdot h$$

$$\frac{2A}{b} = h$$

① Divide area by base

$$\frac{6x^3 - 12x^2 + 3x}{3x} = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$$

② Multiply by 2.

$$2(2x^2 - 4x + 1) = 4x^2 - 8x + 2$$

The height is $4x^2 - 8x + 2$.