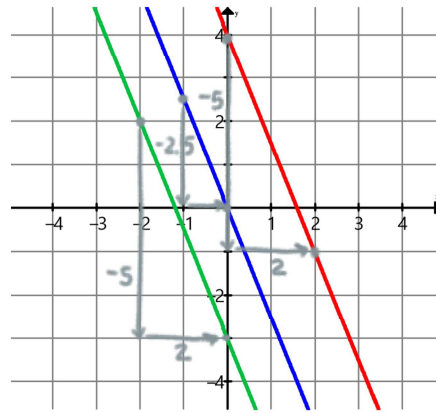
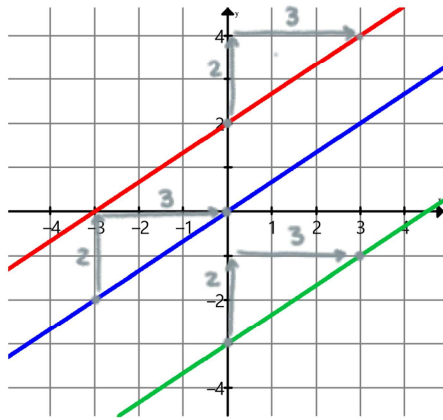


# 7.4 Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

Math 10

## Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

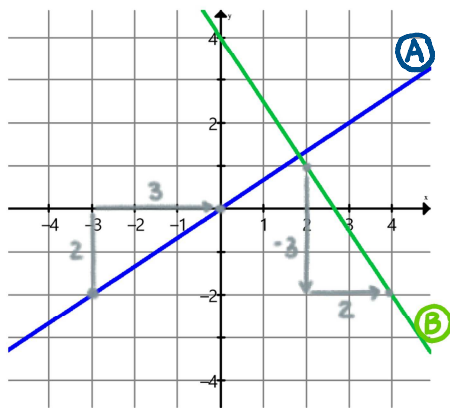
The following sets of lines are parallel. What do they have in common?



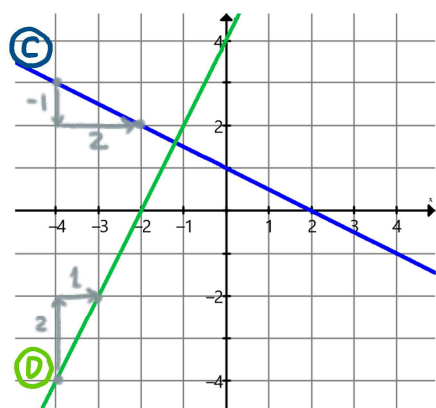
They have the same slope.  
The slope of these lines is  $\frac{2}{3}$ .      The slope of these lines is  $-\frac{5}{2}$ .

Parallel lines have the same slope.

Each graph shows a pair of perpendicular lines. How do their slopes compare?



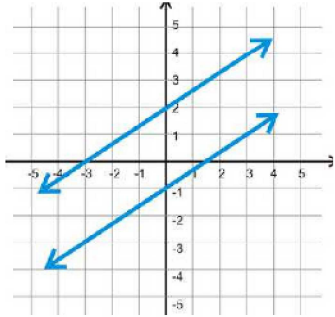
slope A =  $\frac{2}{3}$   
slope B =  $-\frac{3}{2}$



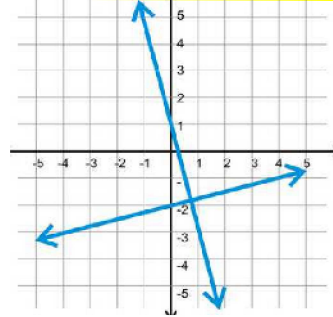
slope C =  $-\frac{1}{2}$   
slope D =  $\frac{2}{1} = 2$

The slopes of perpendicular lines are negative reciprocals.

The slopes of parallel lines are the same.



The slopes of perpendicular lines are **negative reciprocals**.



State whether each pair of lines is parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

a)  $y = 3x - 6$   
 $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 4$

$$3 = \frac{3}{1}, -\frac{1}{3}$$

perpendicular lines

b)  $y = 4x + 3$   
 $y = 4x - 5$

$$4 = 4$$

parallel lines

c)  $y = 2x + 6$   
 $6x + 3y + 3 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \hookrightarrow 3y &= -6x - 3 \\ y &= -2x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

neither

Write the equation of a line that is parallel to  $2x - y + 4 = 0$  and passes through the point  $(1, -6)$ . Express the equation in slope-intercept form. Then write the equation in general form.

① Determine the slope.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - y + 4 &= 0 \\ \hookrightarrow \hookrightarrow & \\ (-1) \cdot (-y) &= -2x - 4 \\ y &= 2x + 4 \end{aligned}$$

⇒ slope is 2

② Write equation in slope-point form since the y-intercept is not known.

$$\begin{aligned} y + 6 &= 2(x - 1) \\ y + 6 &= 2x - 2 \\ -6 & \quad -6 \\ y &= 2x - 2 - 6 \\ y &= 2x - 8 \end{aligned}$$

③ Move all terms to one side.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2x - 8 \\ \hookrightarrow & \\ 0 &= 2x - y - 8 \\ 2x - y - 8 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Write the equation of a line that is perpendicular to  $3x + 2y - 6 = 0$  with an x-intercept of 9. Express the equation in slope-intercept form and in general form.

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 2y - 6 &= 0 \\ \hookrightarrow \hookrightarrow & \\ 2y &= -3x + 6 \\ y &= -\frac{3}{2}x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

⇒ slope of perpendicular line is  $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{x-int} = 9 : (9, 0) \\ y - 0 &= \frac{2}{3}(x - 9) \\ y &= \frac{2}{3}x - 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (y = \frac{2}{3}x - 6) \cdot 3 \\ 3y &= 2x - 18 \\ \hookleftarrow \hookleftarrow & \\ (-2x + 3y + 18 = 0) \cdot (-1) \\ 2x - 3y - 18 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Assignment: p.156 #1, 2, 3bc, 4ab, 5, 6ac, 7, 9, 12