

# 3.1 Multiplying Polynomials

Math 10

## Multiplying Polynomials

Review:

### Like Terms

Warm-up activity: Like Terms

Simplify each expression:

$$a) 6x + 4 + 8x + 3 = 14x + 7$$

$$b) 2b - b + 7 - 8 = b - 1$$

$$c) 3r^2 + 8 - 5r + 9r - 3r^2 = 4r + 8$$

$$d) 4m^2n - 5n + 7m^2 + 16nm^2 - 12n = \\ 20m^2n - 17n + 7m^2$$

### The Distributive Property: $a(x + y) = ax + ay$

$$\text{Expand: } a) 3(x + 2) = \underline{\underline{3x + 6}}$$

$$b) -5(4m - 3) = \underline{\underline{-20m + 15}}$$

$$c) (2y + 5)(-4) = \underline{\underline{-8y - 20}}$$

$$d) 2(5a^2 - 7a + 2)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{10a^2 - 14a + 4}}$$

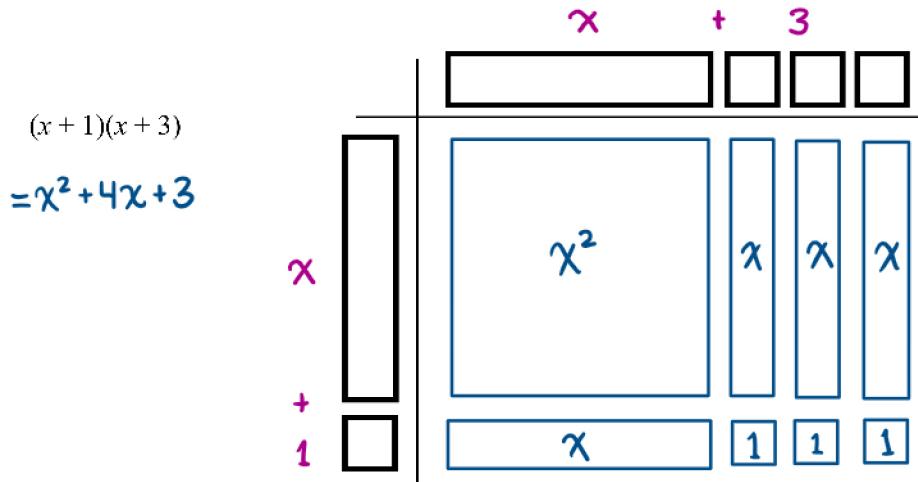
$$e) x(x - 3) = \underline{\underline{x^2 - 3x}}$$

$$f) p(p^2 - 2p + 1) \\ = \underline{\underline{p^3 - 2p^2 + p}}$$

**Multiplying Binomials:**

$$(a + b)(c + d) =$$

Visual Perspective: Using Algebra Tiles



Algebraic Method:

"FOIL METHOD"



$$\begin{aligned} & (x+1)(x+3) \\ & = x^2 + 3x + x + 3 \\ & = x^2 + 4x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

"HAPPY FACE METHOD"

$$\begin{aligned} & (x+1)(x+3) \\ & = x^2 + 3 + x + 3x \\ & = x^2 + 4x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a+5)(a+2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = a^2 + 2a + 5a + 10 \\ & = a^2 + 7a + 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x-4)(x+1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = x^2 + x - 4x - 4 \\ & = x^2 - 3x - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(m-7)(m-3) \\ & = (2m-14)(m-3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = 2m^2 - 6m - 14m + 42 \\ & = 2m^2 - 20m + 42 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x-8)^2 = (x-8)(x-8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = x^2 - 8x - 8x + 64 \\ & = x^2 - 16x + 64 \end{aligned}$$

$$(5n+3)(n-2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = 5n^2 - 10n + 3n - 6 \\ & = 5n^2 - 7n - 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x-4y)(x+3y)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = x^2 + 3xy - 4xy - 12y^2 \\ & = x^2 - xy - 12y^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2a+4)(a^2+5a+7) - 2(a-1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = 2a^3 + 10a^2 + 14a + 4a^2 + 20a + 28 - 2a + 2 \\ & = 2a^3 + 14a^2 + 32a + 30 \end{aligned}$$

Assignment: p.87 #3, 5, 8 – 10, 12